1. Base your answer to the following question on the diagram of Earth shown below. Letters B, C, and D represent layers of Earth. Letter Q represents a location on Earth's surface.

С



Which letter best represents Earth's mantle?

) Q	2) <i>B</i>	3)

2. Earth's outer core is best inferred to be

1

- 1) liquid, with an average density of approximately 4 g/cm^3
- 2) liquid, with an average density of approximately 11 g/cm³
- 3) solid, with an average density of approximately 4 g/cm³
- 4) solid, with an average density of approximately 11 g/cm³
- 3. Compared to the oceanic crust, the continental crust is usually
 - 1) thicker, with a less dense granitic composition
 - 2) thicker, with a more dense basaltic composition
 - 3) thinner, with a less dense granitic composition
 - 4) thinner, with a more dense basaltic composition
- 4. Where is the thickest part of the Earth's crust?
 - 1) at the edge of continental shelves
 - 2) at mid-ocean ridges
 - 3) under continental mountain ranges
 - 4) under volcanic islands
- 5. Compared to the continental crust, the oceanic crust is
 - 1) less dense and less felsic
 - 2) less dense and less mafic
 - 3) more dense and more felsic
 - 4) more dense and more mafic
- 6. Oxygen is the most abundant element by volume in the Earth's
 - 1) inner core
- 2) troposphere
- 3) hydrosphere

4) D

Base your answers to questions 7 and 8 on the diagram below which represents Earth's interior zones.





- 7. Scientists have classified Earth's interior into the zones shown based primarily on evidence gained by studying
 - 1) deep drill cores
 - 2) volcanic eruptions
 - 3) gravity measurements
 - 4) earthquake seismic waves
- 8. The thinnest section of Earth's crust is found beneath
 - 1) oceans
- 2) desert regions
- 3) coastal plains 4) mountain regions

4) crust

9. The pie graph below represents the composition, in percent by mass, of the chemical elements found in an Earth layer.



22. Base your answer to the following question on the passage and cross section below and on your knowledge of Earth science. The cross section represents one theory of the movement of rock materials in Earth's dynamic interior. Some mantle plumes that are slowly rising from the boundary between Earth's outer core and stiffer mantle are indicated.

Hot Spots and Mantle Plumes

Research of mantle hot spots indicates that mantle plumes form in a variety of sizes and shapes. These mantle plumes range in diameter from several hundred kilometers to 1000 kilometers. Some plumes rise as blobs rather than in a continuous streak; however, most plumes are long, slender columns of hot rock slowly rising in Earth's stiffer mantle. One theory is that most plumes form at the boundary between the outer core and the stiffer mantle. They may reach Earth's surface in the center of plates or at plate boundaries, producing volcanoes or large domes.



(Not drawn to scale)

At which depth below Earth's surface is the boundary between Earth's outer core and stiffer mantle located?

1) 700 km	2) 2000 km	3) 2900 km	4) 5100 km	
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23. As a weather balloon released from the surface of Earth rises through the troposphere, the instruments it carries will usually indicate that

- 1) temperature, atmospheric pressure, and concentration of water vapor decrease
- 2) temperature decreases, but atmospheric pressure and concentration of water vapor increase
- 3) temperature increases, but atmospheric pressure and concentration of water vapor decrease
- 4) temperature, atmospheric pressure, and concentration of water vapor increase
- 24. In which zone of the atmosphere would a temperature of 95°C most likely occur?
 - 1) troposphere 2) stratosphere
 - 3) mesosphere 4) thermosphere
- 25. Which list shows atmospheric layers in the correct order upward from the Earth's surface?
 - 1) thermosphere, mesosphere, stratosphere, troposphere
 - 2) troposphere, stratosphere, mesosphere, thermosphere
 - 3) stratosphere, mesosphere, troposphere, thermosphere
 - 4) thermosphere, troposphere, mesosphere, stratosphere