Time	Essential Questions	Content	Assessments
January – February	 Unit 1: Constitutional Underpinnings of the United States Government What is democracy? What influence did other documents and philosophers have on the formulation and adoption of the Constitution? How could the delegates to the Constitutional Convention be seen as an "assembly of demigods" (Jefferson)? In what ways does the Constitution attempt to limit abuse of governmental powers? Why federalism? 	 Considerations that influenced the formulation and adoption of the Constitution Separation of powers Federalism Theories of democratic government 	 Essay Community service Article critiques Unit test Meeting attendance
February	 UNIT 2: Institutions of National Government: The Congress,	 The major formal and informal institutional arrangements of powers Relationships among those four institutions Links between those institutions and political parties, interest groups, the media, sub national governments, and public opinion 	 Analyze a congressman/senator (research assignment) Case Study: Clinton Impeachment Community service Article critiques Unit test Meeting attendance

Time	Essential Questions	Content	Assessments
	The Presidency:		
	 Why does the President need a working relationship with Congress to be effective? 		
	What are the President's sources of influence in Congress?		
	 Why is the presidency a unique, necessary, but potentially dangerous office? 		
	The Bureaucracy:		
	 Is our bureaucracy and its methods stifling innovation, productivity, and common sense? 		
	To whom should bureaucrats be accountable?		
	Why do presidents like to reorganize the bureaucracy?		
	The Federal Courts:		
	How is the Supreme Court both an interpreter of the		
	Constitution and a shaper of public policy?		
	Is the Supreme Court a democratic institution? Defining make law?		
	Do judges make law?How independent is the judiciary?		
	Trow independent is the judiciary:		

Time	Essential Questions	Content	Assessments
	 Other: Are the three branches of government a true balance of power in American society? Does the enlarged role of the presidency under today's circumstances undermine some of the fundamental checks and balances in our constitutional democracy? In what ways does the separation of powers contribute to government deadlock? Does the separation of powers still work? 		
March	 Unit 3: Political Beliefs and Behaviors Where do we learn the American political culture? How do voters reach their political decisions? How does/doesn't the US government reflect the needs of our diverse country? How can a citizen participate in government other than voting? 	 Beliefs that citizens hold about their government and its leaders Processes by which citizens learn about politics The nature, sources, and consequences of public opinion The ways in which citizens vote and otherwise participate in political life Factors that influence citizens to differ from one another in terms of political beliefs and behaviors 	 Community service Article critiques Meeting attendance

Time	Essential Questions		Content	Assessments
March – April	 Unit 4: Political Parties, Interest Groups, and Mass Media Are political parties essential to democracy? Is the era of a two-party system over? Is our system of electing the president still effective in today's society? How do interest groups influence the political process? Why is campaign finance reform such a controversial issue? How does the media influence politics? 	•	Political parties and elections (including their functions, organization, historical development, and effects on the political process) Interest groups (PACs) The range of interests that are or are not represented The activities of interest groups The effects of interest groups on the political process The unique characteristics and roles of PACs in the political process The mass media The functions and structures of the media The impact of media on politics	 Essay: Why do incumbent members of Congress usually win? (Consider political parties, interest groups, and the mass media) Community service Article critiques Meeting attendance

Time	Essential Questions	Content	Assessments
April – May	 Unit 5: Public Policy What factors influence the formation of the national policy agenda? How do we make and implement public policy? Should the federal government be responsible for closing the income gap? How do political factors make it difficult for the federal government to enact public policy? Why do we have regulation? 	 Policy making in a federal system The formation of policy agendas The role of institutions in the enactment of policy The role of the bureaucracy and the courts in policy implementation and interpretation Link ages between policy processes and the following: Political institutions and federalism Political parties Interest groups Public opinion Elections Policy network Supranational organizations 	 Public policy project Community service Article critiques Meeting attendance
May	 Unit 6: Civil Liberties and Civil Rights Why is freedom of speech fundamentally important to democracy? Is affirmative action constitutional? Why are civil liberties important in a society that values freedom? 	 The development of civil rights by judicial interpretation Knowledge of substantive rights and liberties The impact of the Fourteenth Amendment on the constitutional development of rights and liberties 	 Community service Article critiques Meeting attendance Final

Time	Essential Questions	Content	Assessments
	 How just is our system of justice? How are individual rights defined and balanced against the rights of other citizens and against the interests of society at large (e.g., flag burning, censorship of art, pornography, abortion rights, civil disobedience)? Why is it that many scholars have argued that the ratification of the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution has become the single most important act in all of US politics? 		